

2Q of Fiscal Year Ending March 31, 2023

Financial Results

November 11, 2022

UT Group Co., Ltd.

Securities Code: 2146(TSE Prime Market)

UT Group's Growth Potential



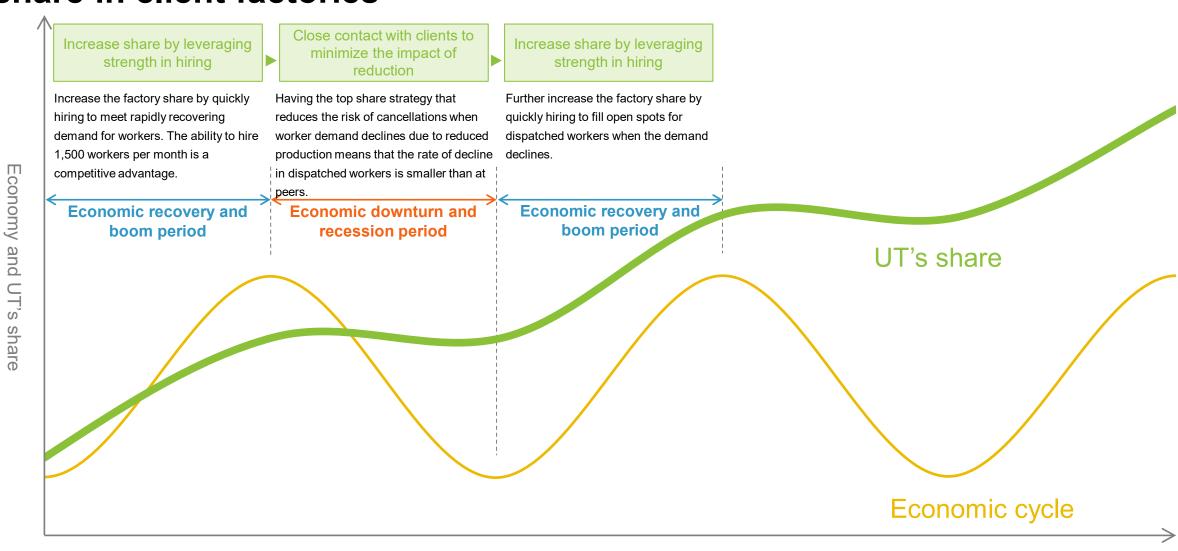
Since the establishment (FY3/1996), we've consistently been achieving high sales growth.



UT's Growth is less susceptible to economic fluctuations



A strategy to capitalize on economic fluctuations and increase market share in client factories



Time

A strategy to capitalize on economic fluctuations and increase market share in client factories

About the top strategy

UT's Manufacturing Business is promoting the strategy, based on the analysis at the time of the global financial crisis that showed that dispatched companies with a higher share in the factory received less cancellation or reduction in dispatched workers.

Features of the top-share factories

Less cancellation or reduction

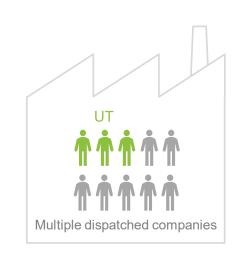
A strong relationship with clients results in receiving a lower impact of cancellations and reductions relative to that of peers.

High profit margin

More technical employees in a single factory means higher management efficiency.

Mechanism to expand factory share by the top share strategy

Normal production phase



It is difficult to increase UT's dispatched workers because a client factory that normally operates with 10 workers has no further demand for workers.

Production reduction phase



If the production volume decreases, the client starts reducing workers from dispatched companies having a lower share. Workers of UT (the top share) are not reduced.

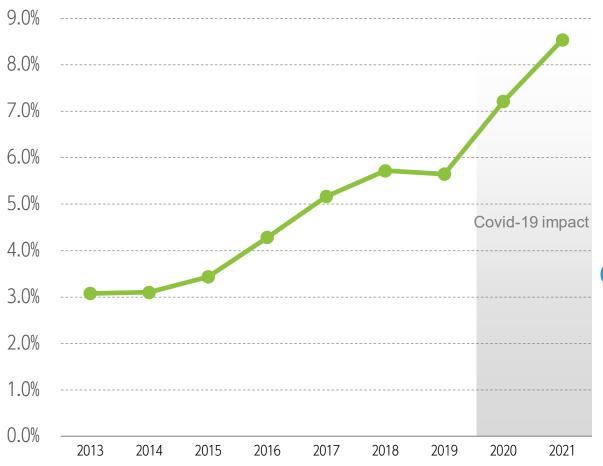
Production recovery phase



For normal production, the client needs five workers which had been reduced and the share of UT, which has strength in hiring, will increase.

A strategy to capitalize on economic fluctuations and increase market share in client factories

The share of UT's technical employees in dispatched workers of production processes in Japan



Significantly increased market share

by strengthening hiring during a period of recovery in demand

**Calculated by dividing the number of technical employees by the number of dispatched workers of production processes*

(*Source: Basic Data of Labor Force Survey. Ministry of Internal Affairs and Communications (2021)

Expansion of business areas for sustainable growth

Area Business

Started worker dispatch in local areas to respond to desire of workers who want to work locally. Aggressively acquire companies to expand business scale.

Solution Business

Started business to support mobilization of personnel by receiving workers from client companies after structural reform.

Supported personnel mobilization of the Panasonic, Fujitsu, Toshiba and Hitachi Groups.

Manufacturing Business

Promoted a niche strategy to focus on the semiconductor sector in the 2000s.

After the global financial crisis (around 2008), expansion to other areas including the Transportation Equipment sector, capturing the recovery period.

Acquiring demand for structural reform

Strengthening the business in the Transportation Equipment sector

Developing the business in the Electronics sector

2000 2010 2020

※ Outline of accumulated sales since foundation

Competitive advantage and growth strategies



Business strategy focused on large companies

Demand for large numbers of highly skilled personnel

Demand in structural reform

Business strategy focused on local areas

Personnel demand in local areas

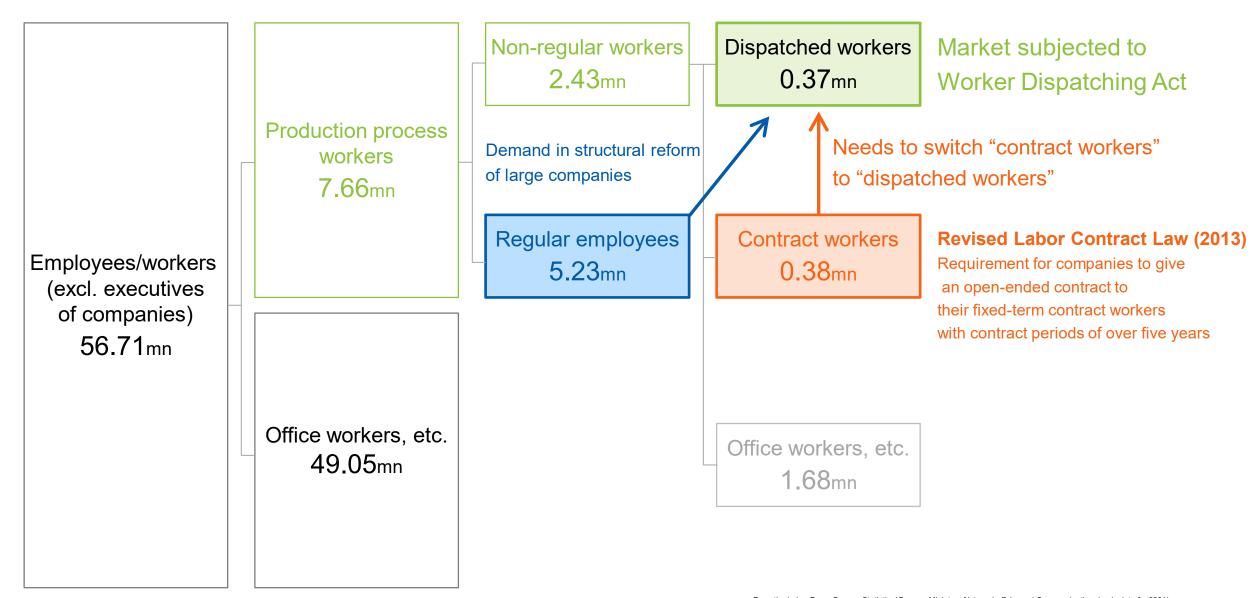
Changes in the environment to encourage use of dispatched workers, rather than regular or contract employees

Regulation changes

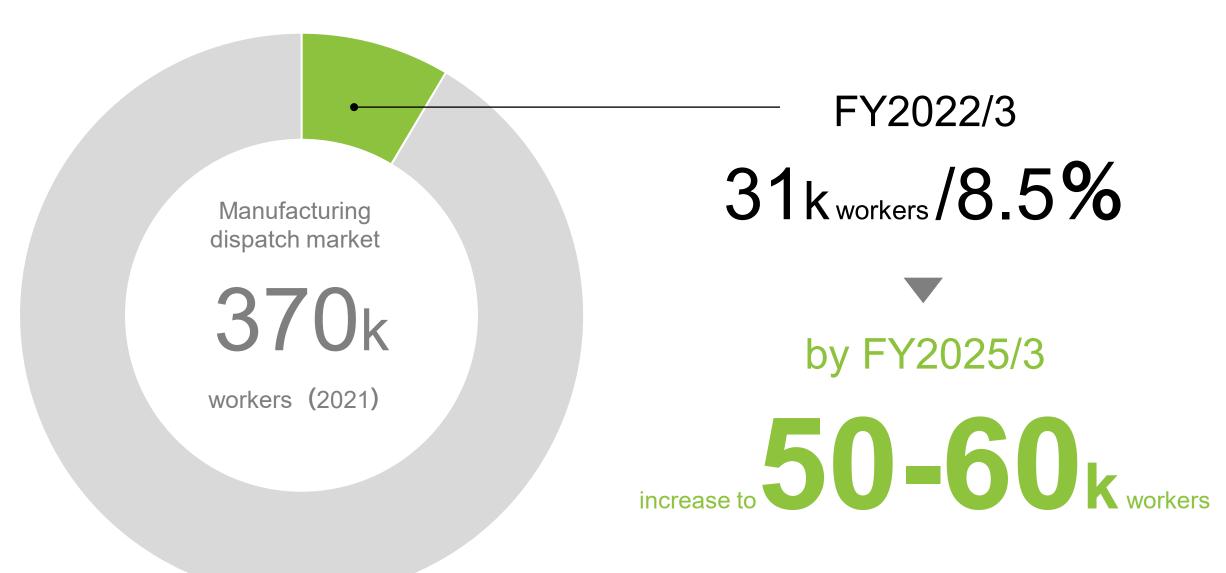


Difficulty in hiring

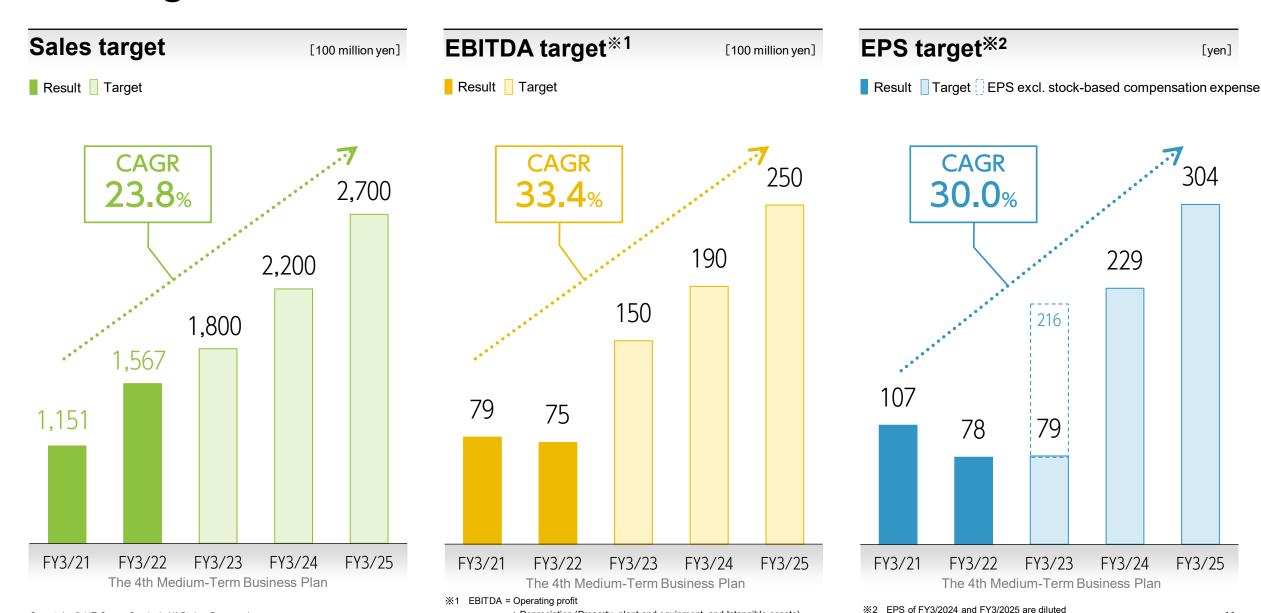
Demands in structural reform and for switching to dispatched workers are increasing



UT will lead the market with further increase in market share



The Target of the 4th Medium-term Business Plan



+ Depreciation (Property, plant and equipment, and Intangible assets)

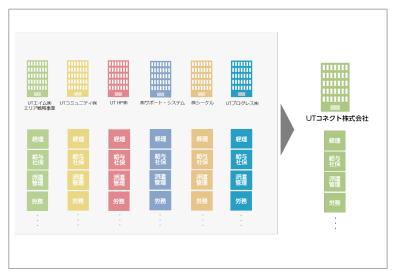
+ Amortization + Stock-based compensation expenses

Three measures to accelerate corporate growth

Enhanced development of highly-skilled personnel at the technology skill development centers for SME engineers



Productivity improvement
by reorganization and standardization
of business infrastructure



Enhanced hiring system by integrating group-wide hiring activities





Average salary of tech employees

20% increase*

SG&A expenses to sales

10% level



Monthly hiring by UT Group

2,000 new hires

※2021年3月期と比較した2025年3月期の目標

UT Group's Growth Potential

Continuously strengthen the hiring system to achieve both growth in the number of hires and cost efficiency

- Build a hiring system that takes advantage of UT Group's merits of scale
- Provide the content that job seekers need with revamped owned media
- Use DX to automate the process from application to hiring

FY3/2022

 Maximized hires in the demand expansion period

FY3/2023

- Integrate hiring functions of the Group
- Revamp the owned media

FY3/2024

- Strengthen the owned media's functions
- Automate the matching

FY3/2025

Strengthen measures to retain job seekers

Monthly hires 1,471

Unit cost of hiring ¥340,000 Monthly target of hires (target)

1,300

Unit cost of hiring (target)

¥300,000

Monthly target of hires

approx. 1,600

Unit cost of hiring

Monthly target of hires

approx. 2,000

Unit cost of hiring approx. ¥280,000

FY3/2022 2Q Financial Results



Responding flexibly to the threat of economic slowdown

Concerns over economic slowdown, driven by raw materials/energy price surges, depreciation of the yen, and global supply chain disruption

Concerns over a decline in consumption, production activities, and demand for workers



Industrial and Commercial Machinery Sector
Electronics Sector

Medium-term demand for workers is expected to increase due to increased production capacity, but current demand for workers is mixed

Transportation Equipment Sector

Current demand for workers depends on clients and products, affected by shortage of parts, caused by supply chain disruption

Area Business: Demand trend

Worker demand in each area

The jobs-to-applicants ratio in each area is on an upward trend; UT's share of the areas is low, and there is ample room for growth

Strengthen hiring and allocation to clients with stronger demand for workers

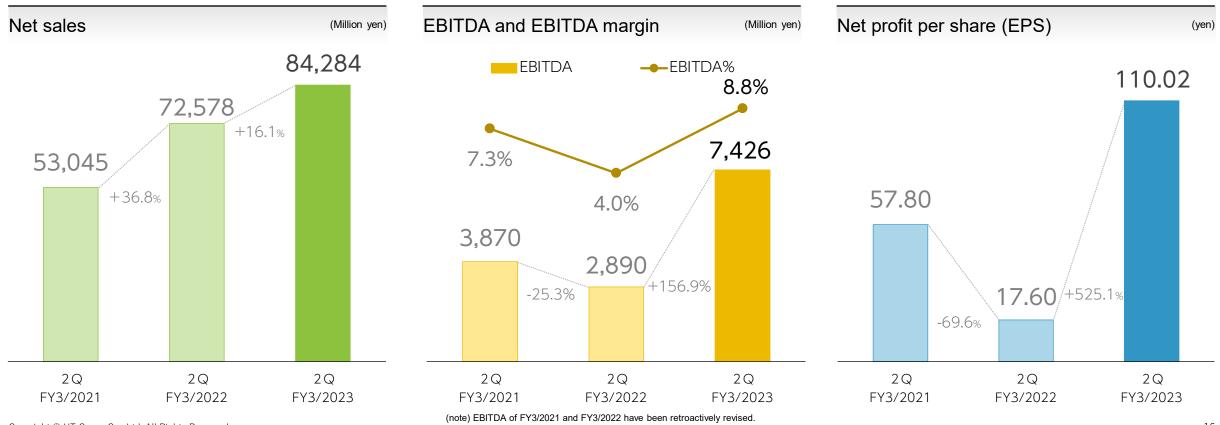
Strengthen marketing sales to expand area shares

Achieve sustainable growth by flexibly allocating resources

Highlights

Set a new record high in earnings in 2Q, continuing from 1Q

Established a business base for achieving the profit target of the mid-term business plan



Summary of Statement of Income

[million yen]

						-
	1Q of FY3/2022		1Q of FY3/2023		Y-o-Y change	
	Results	% to net sales	Results	% to net sales	Amount	%
Net sales	72,578	100.0%	84,284	100.0%	+11,705	+16.1%
Gross profit	12,459	17.2%	16,293	19.3%	+3,834	+30.8%
SG&A expenses	10,187	14.0%	9,449	11.2%	-738	-7.3%
EBITDA	2,890	4.0%	7,426	8.8%	+4,536	+156.9%
Operating profit	2,271	3.1%	6,844	8.1%	+4,573	+201.3%
Ordinary profit	2,262	3.1%	6,777	8.0%	+4,514	+199.6%
Net profit attributable to UT Group	710	1.0%	4,440	5.3%	+3,730	+525.2%
EPS (yen)	17.60		110.02	_	+92.42	+525.1%
No. of Tech employees (Domestic)	28,720	_	32,397	_	+3,677	+12.8%
No. of Tech employees (Overseas)	12,456	_	13,091	_	+635	+5.1%

(note) EBITDA = Operating profit + Depreciation (Property, plant and equipment, and Intangible assets) + Amortization + Stock-based compensation expenses

Consolidated Balance Sheets

[million yen]

	March 31, 2022		June 31, 2022		Change from the end of the previous FY	
	Results	% to total assets	Results	% to total assets	Amount	%
Current assets	49,748	77.6%	51,367	77.0%	+1,618	+3.3%
Cash and deposits	25,827	40.3%	26,445	39.6%	+618	+2.4%
Notes and accounts receivable – trade	21,445	33.5%	22,433	33.6%	+988	+4.6%
Non-current assets	14,359	22.4%	15,345	23.0%	+985	+6.9%
Property, plant and equipment	1,411	2.2%	1,356	2.0%	-54	-3.9%
Intangible assets	9,509	14.8%	10,454	15.7%	+944	+9.9%
Goodwill	5,731	8.9%	5,668	8.5%	- 63	-1.1%
Investments and other assets	3,438	5.4%	3,534	5.3%	+96	+2.8%
Total assets	64,107	100.0%	66,712	100.0%	+2,604	+4.1%
Current liabilities	25,467	39.7%	26,066	39.1%	+598	+2.4%
Short-term borrowings and Current portion of long-term borrowings	3,884	6.1%	4,019	6.0%	+135	+3.5%
Current liabilities	17,408	27.2%	15,541	23.3%	-1,866	-10.7%
Long-term borrowings	15,990	24.9%	14,145	21.2%	-1,844	-11.5%
Net assets	21,232	33.1%	25,104	37.6%	+3,872	+18.2%
Shareholders' equity	19,592	30.6%	23,064	34.6%	+3,472	+17.7%
Total liabilities and net assets	64,107	100.0%	66,712	100.0%	+2,604	+4.1%
Gross debt/equity ratio	1.0	_	0.8	_	_	_

Current assets

 Increases in Notes and accounts receivable – trade, and Cash and deposits

Non-current assets

 Increase in software and a decrease in software in progress along with the progress of an investment to system construction

Current liabilities

- Decreases in deposits received and accrued consumption taxes
- Increases in income taxes payable and provision for bonuses.

Non-current liabilities

· Decrease in long-term borrowings.

Net assets

- Recording of net profit attributable to owners of the parent
- Decrease in retained earnings due to dividend payment
- Equity ratio 35.1% (30.8% as of March 31, 2022)

Quarterly Changes in Sales and Number of Technical Employees



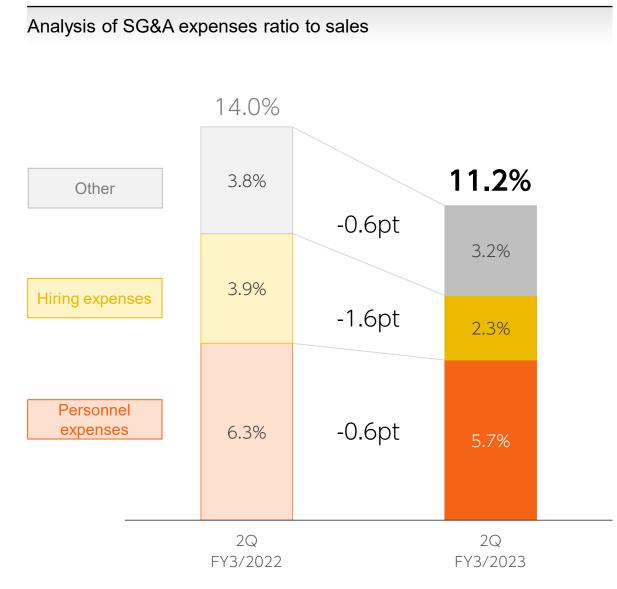
Efficiently secure the number of hires



Keeping unit price under 300k yen +

Monthly
1,200~1,300 hires

Raising the efficiency of SG&A expenses



Curbing the SG&A ratio to sales by raising the SG&A efficiency

 $14.0\% \rightarrow 11.2\%$

Personnel expenses -0.6 pt

- Optimizing staffing through reorganization within the Group (Apr. 2022)
- Improving labor productivity by standardizing and communizing administration and other tasks

Hiring expenses -1.6 pt

- · Consolidating the Group's database of job opportunities (Apr. 2022)
- Promoting optimal hiring operations

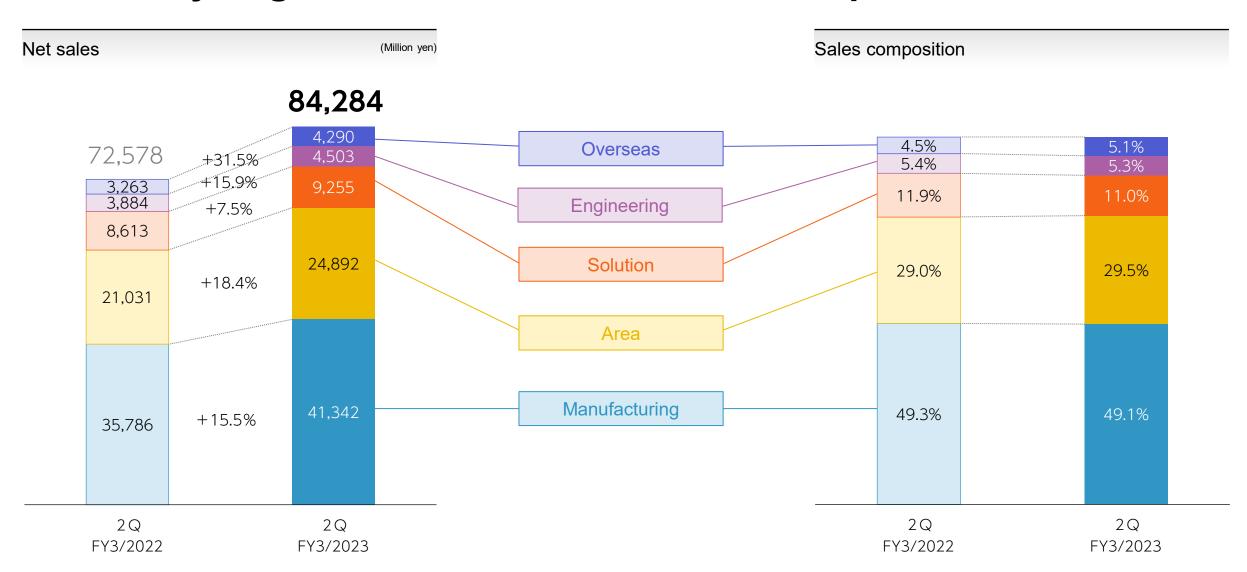
Other expenses -0.6pt

· Decreases of commission expenses and amortization of goodwill

Results by segment



Results by Segment: Net Sales and Sales Composition

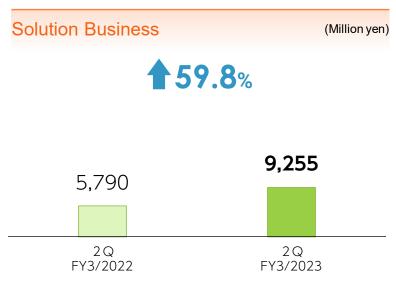


(note) As the segment classification has been changed since Apr. 2022,

the year-over-year comparison has been made using the reclassified segment basis for the first quarter of FY3/2022

Net Sales by Segment

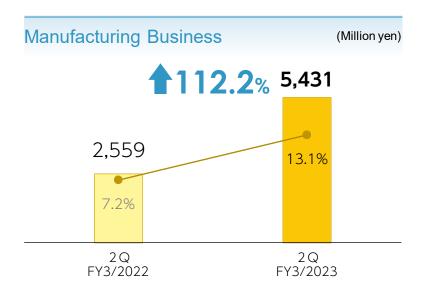


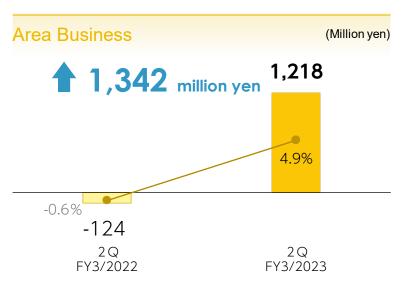


(note) The year-over-year comparison has been made excluding Net Sales from UT System Products which was sold at the end of March 2022.

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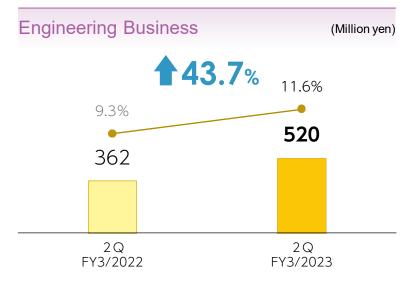
EBITDA by Segment







(note) The year-over-year comparison has been made excluding EBITDA from UT System Products which was sold at the end of March 2022.





(note) As the segment classification has been changed since Apr. 2022, the year-over-year comparison has been made using the reclassified segment basis for the first quarter of FY3/2022

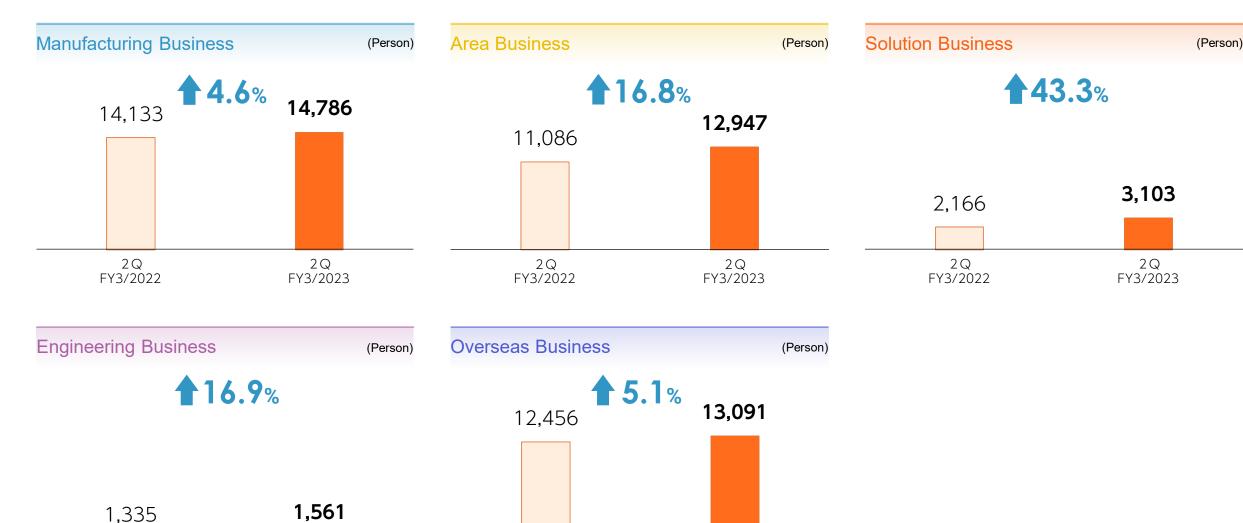
2 Q

FY3/2022

Technical employees by Segment

2 Q

FY3/2023



(note) As the segment classification has been changed since Apr. 2022, the year-over-year comparison has been made using the reclassified segment basis for the first quarter of FY3/2022

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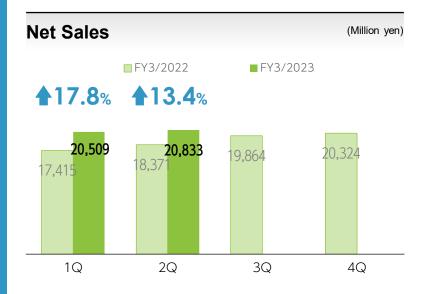
2 Q

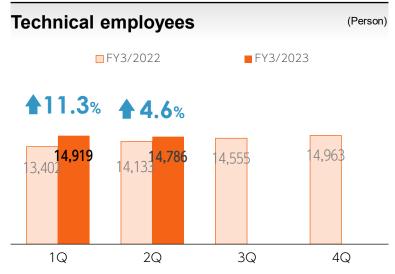
FY3/2023

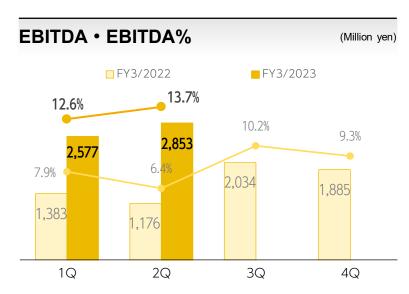
2 Q

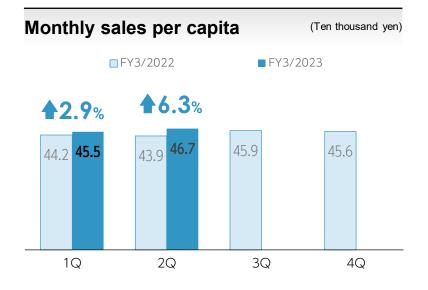
FY3/2022

Segment Results









Sales and technical employees

- Concentrated in strong sectors as demand for workers varied by sector.
- Shifted hiring activities from FY3/2022 to focus on hiring efficiency and had a smooth net increase in technical employees.

EBITDA

 Improved gross margin due to reduction in hiring-related expenses (cost), such as cash gift for joining the company, and shift to projects with strong demand.

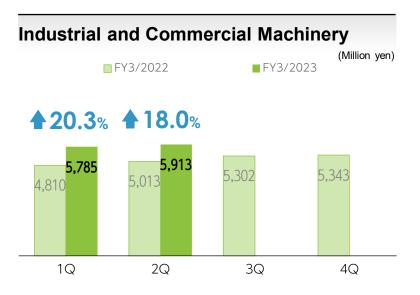
Monthly sales per person

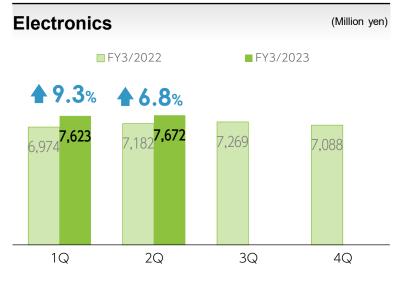
- Benefited from the enhanced sales activities aimed at increasing high-unit-price projects and raising contract unit prices in FY3/2022.
- Improved the q-o-q operating rate due to the alleviated impact from partial suspension of production by automakers.

(note) As the segment classification has been changed since Apr. 2022, the year-over-year comparison has been made using the reclassified segment basis for FY3/2022.

Manufacturing Business

Net Sales by Subsegment





(Million yen)

FY3/2023

Other

FY3/2022

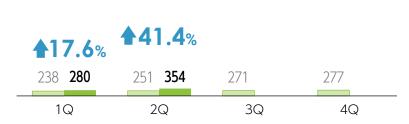


3Q

4Q

2Q

1Q



Industrial and Commercial Machinery Electronics

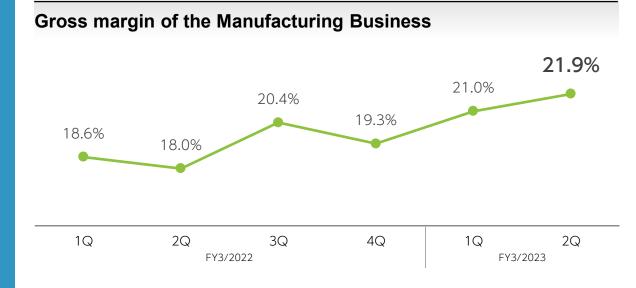
 Focused on training and allocation of technical employees to these sectors due to stable acquisition of high-unit-price orders.

Transportation Equipment

- Improved the q-o-q operating rate due to the alleviated impact from partial suspension of production by automakers.
- A y-o-y increase in the workforce increased sales.

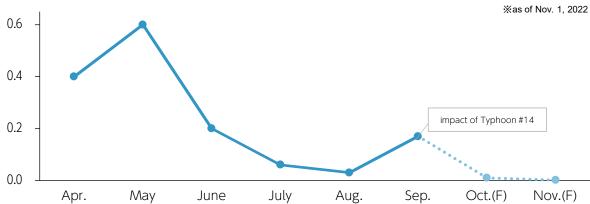
(note) As the segment classification has been changed since Apr. 2022, the year-over-year comparison has been made using the reclassified segment basis for FY3/2022.

Significant improvement in gross margin



Impact of the absence of work caused by the automobile production cut, etc. (Loss of Gross Profit)

(100 Million yen)



Significant improvement in gross margin

by concentrating on client companies which have strong demand for workers

18.0%→**21.9**%

Healthy development of SME engineers



Established the technology skill development centers in Kitakami, Yokkaichi, Osaka and Kumamoto

Produced 1,000 engineers

(April 30, 2022)



Target:

Produce 5,000 engineers

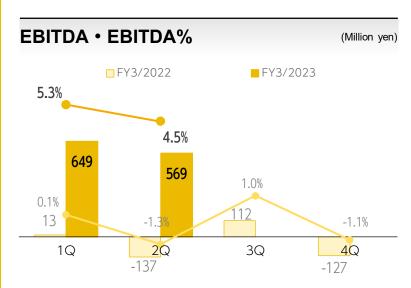
in FY3/2022 - FY3/2025

Segment Results











Monthly sales per capita

Sales and technical employees

 Reorganized each area and enhanced sales activities, which resulted in an increase in job openings, the number of technical employees, and sales increase.

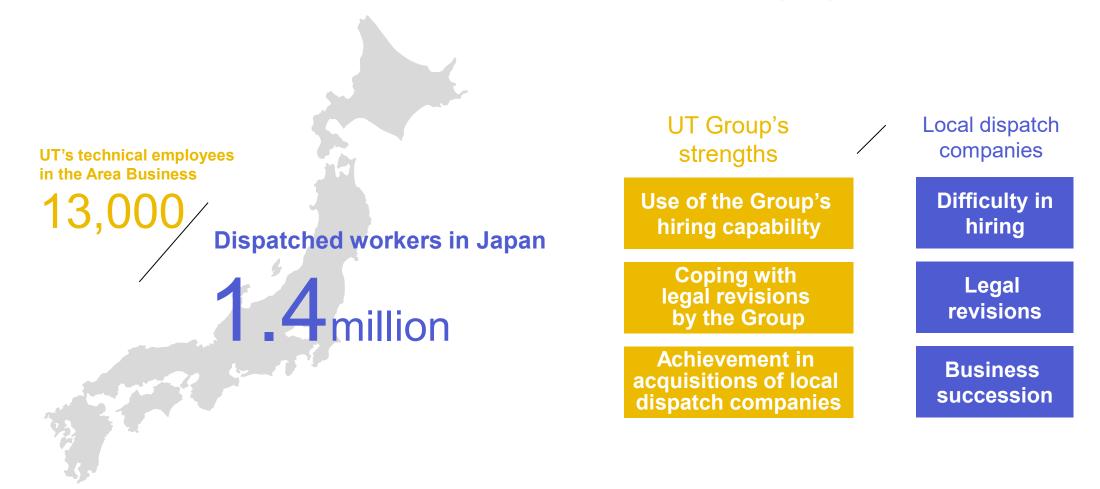
EBITDA

(Ten thousand yen)

- Some operating companies were affected by automakers' production cut but the enhanced sales activities resulted in an increase in sales and profit.
- Integration of operating companies in April 2022 has led to improve the efficiency in use of SG&A expenses including personnel expenses.

(note) As the segment classification has been changed since Apr. 2022, the year-over-year comparison has been made using the reclassified segment basis for FY3/2022.

Area Business creates diverse jobs nationwide; has high growth potential

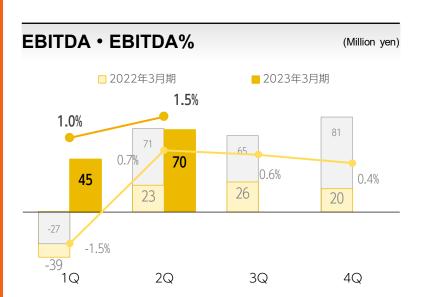


Using UT's strength, UT has ample room for share growth

Segment Results









**Please refer P.48 for Business Summary after the segment reclassification.

Sales and technical employees

 Sales increased, in spite of the impact of a subsidiary UT System Products sold, thanks to the increases in the number of technical employees of the existing subsidiaries and in operating days and hours in some outsourced workplaces as well as the addition of UT FSAS Crea in October 2021.

EBITDA

- EBITDA increased on the above-stated sales gain.
- Reduction in SG&A expenses improved the efficiency in use of SG&A expenses.

TOPIC

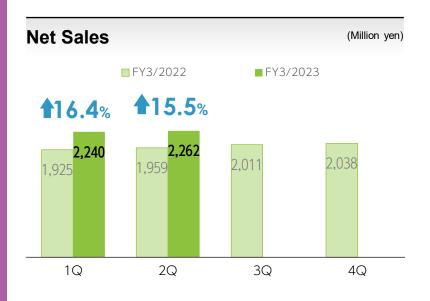
- · Sold UT System Products on March 31, 2022.
- * UT Group acquired shares of UT System Products (engaged in sales of information system equipment) as well as UT Toshiba (engaged in general personnel dispatch and outsourced work) from the Toshiba on April 1, 2020. ¥6.27 billion in sales and no technical employee in FY3/2021.

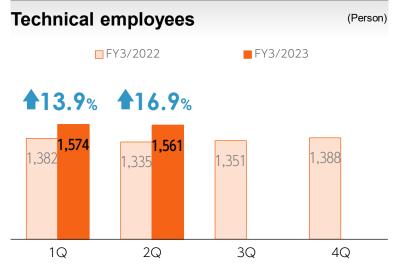
(note) Net Sales and EBITDA excludes impacts of UT System Products which was sold at the end of March 2022. (figures in gray in the graph include the impact). "Monthly sales per capita" is calculated excluding the impacts.

(note) As the segment classification has been changed since Apr. 2022, the year-over-year comparison has been made using the reclassified segment basis for FY3/2022.

Segment Results





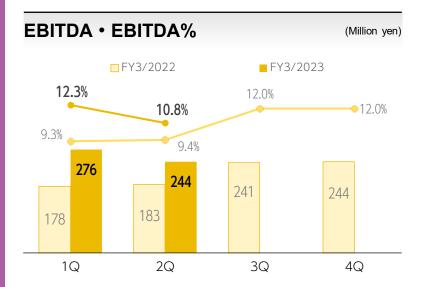


Sales and technical employees

 Sales increased due to favorable order intake for both the construction and IT sectors and a resultant increase in technical employees.

EBITDA

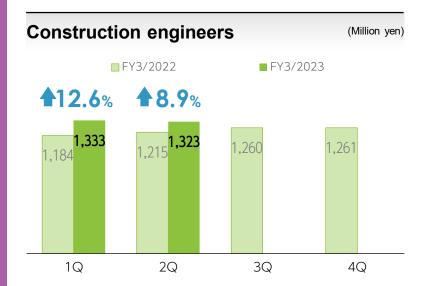
 The EBITDA margin stayed at a high level despite a y-o-y increase in hiring expenses to strengthen hiring activities as the order trend is robust in the construction and IT sectors





(note) As the segment classification has been changed since Apr. 2022, the year-over-year comparison has been made using the reclassified segment basis for FY3/2022.

Net Sales by Subsegment





Construction engineers

 Demand for engineers was strong mainly for the work of equipment and plant.

IT engineers

- A portion of (former) design & manufacturing engineers was reclassified as (new) IT engineers.
- Demand for dispatch of engineers with no experience was strong and the competition was intensified.

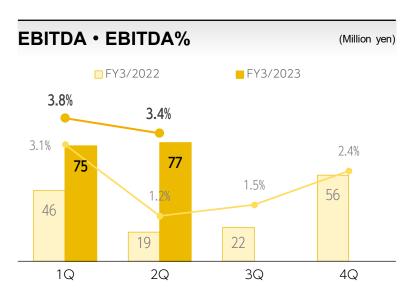
(note) As the segment classification has been changed since Apr. 2022, the year-over-year comparison has been made using the reclassified segment basis for FY3/2022.

Overseas Business

Segment Results







**Please refer P.49 for Business Summary after the segment reclassification.

Sales and technical employees

- Demand for personnel increased along with an economic recovery in Vietnam.
- Sales coverage was expanded from the base area in the south region to the north region.
 Made efforts to acquire contracts from Japanese companies in the north region.
- Despite seasonal decrease in the number of employees around the Tet Lunar New Year holiday, the number of technical employees stayed at a high level.
- Impact of the change in exchange rate on sales
 +200-million-yen impact for 1Q period
 +350-million-yen impact for 2Q period

EBITDA

 The EBITDA margin improved, due to sales increase driven by higher personnel demand and the improved efficiency in use of SG&A expenses.

(note) As the segment classification has been changed since Apr. 2022, the year-over-year comparison has been made using the reclassified segment basis for FY3/2022.

FY3/2023 Earnings Forecasts and Target of Medium-Term Business Plan



FY3/2023 Earnings Forecasts

- \bigcirc Expect the supply and demand balance for personnel to remain tight due to the labor shortage in the manufacturing industry
- Improve operational efficiency and cost efficiency through group-wide integrated hiring activities and large-scale restructuring of operating companies
- Focus on expanding market share toward FY3/2025 and establish a strong, streamlined business base to achieve medium-to long-term growth.

	FY3/2	2022	FY3/2	2023	change	change	
	Results	% to net sales	Forecasts	% to net sales	amount	%	
Net sales	1,567	100.0%	1,800	100.0%	+232	+14.8%	
EBITDA*	75	4.8%	150	8.3%	+74	+99.9%	
Operating profit Excl. Stock-based compensation expenses	62	4.0%	132	7.3%	+70	+112.9%	
Operating profit	62	4.0%	77	4.2%	+14	+23.1%	
Ordinary profit	59	3.8%	75	4.1%	+15	+26.0%	
Net profit attributable to UT Group	31	2.0%	32	1.8%	+0.5	+1.9%	
EPS (yen)	77.81	_	79.28	_	+1.47		

Net Sales

 Plan to increase net sales based on No. tech employees at the end of March 2022, in spite of ¥6 billion reduction due to a subsidiary sold.

EBITDA

 Will improve profit margin through efficiency promotion measures such as subsidiary reorganization and optimizing productivity.

Operating profit

 Assuming to meet the conditions for the exercise of the performance-linked acquisition rights, 5.5 billion yen will be recorded as stockbased compensation expenses

**EBITDA = Operating profit + Depreciation (Property, plant and equipment, and Intangible assets) + Amortization + Stock-based compensation expenses

Target of the 4th Medium-Term Business Plan

(100 million yen)

							(100 million yen)				
	The 3rd-Plan	The 4th Medium-Term Management Plan									
	FY3/2020	FY3/2021	FY3/2022	FY3/	2023	FY3/2024	FY3/2025				
	Results	Results	Results	Forecasts	excluding stock compensation-based expenses	Forecasts	Forecasts				
Net sales	1,011	1,151	1,567	1,800	-	2,200	2,700				
EBITDA*1	86	79	75	150	_	190	250				
Operating profit	80	71	62	77	132	170	225				
Ordinary profit	81	71	59	75	130	168	223				
Net profit attributable to UT Group	45	42	31	32	87	111	147				
EPS (yen) (EPS of FY3/2024 and FY3/2025 are diluted)	111.71	106.53	77.81	79.28	215.54	228.92	303.87				
Total return to shareholders	0	26	9	26	26	33~	44~				
Total return ratio	0%	62%**	31%	81%	30%	30%~	30%~				

[%]1 EBITDA = Operating profit + Depreciation (Property, plant and equipment, and Intangible assets) + Amortization + Stock-based compensation expenses

X2 Dividends for FY3/2021 included the addition dividends for FY3/2020, when the dividends were not paid due to the COVID-19 pandemic.

Target of F3/Y2023 - F3/Y2025

Based on sales which have been increasing ahead of the plan, we plan to further increase sales and improve productivity so as to raise profitability



Appendix



Newly-consolidated company's contribution

Contribution of newly-consolidated company to 2Q of FY3/2022

	Sub-		Time of	Contribution to FY3/2022			
Business Segment	Segment	Consolidated subsidiary	consolidation	Net Sales (billion yen)	Number of technical employees (2Q-end)		
Solution Business	_	UT FSAS Creative Inc Former Fujitsu FSAS Creative Inc.	Oct. 2021	2.4	872		
Total				2.4			

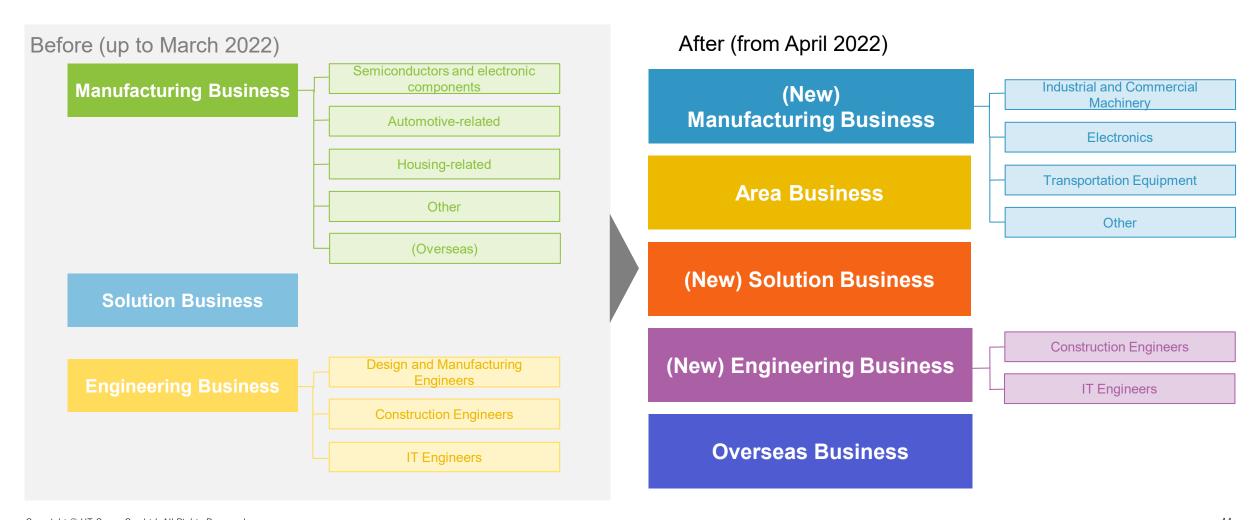
Analysis of SG&A expenses

(100 million yen)

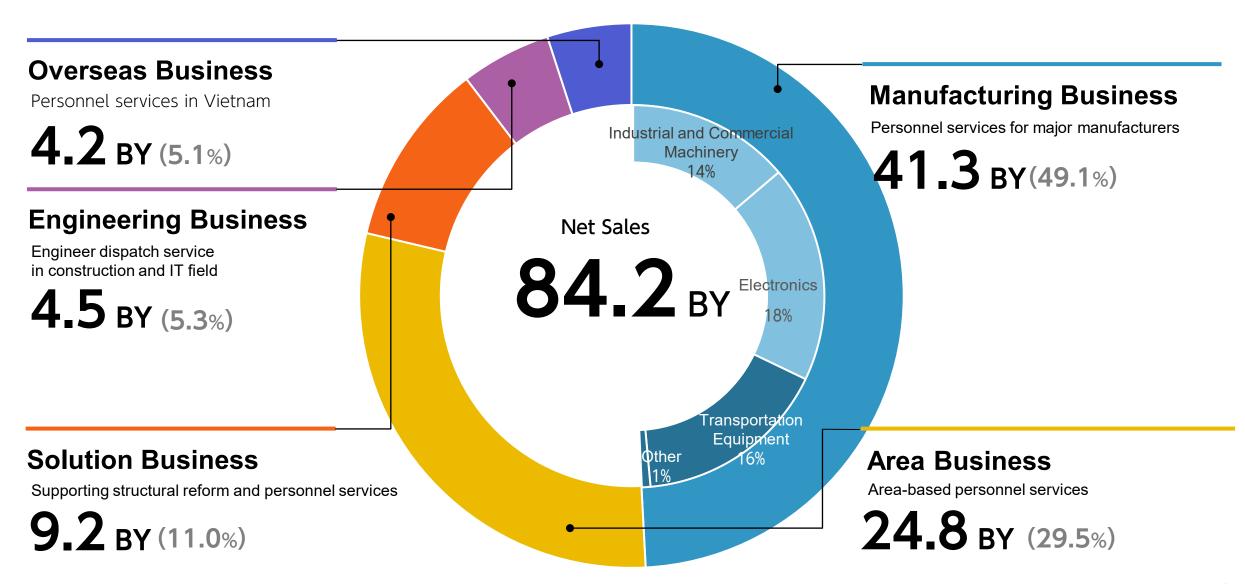
	FY3/19			FY3/20		FY3/21			FY3/22				FY3	/23								
	1 Q	2 Q	3 Q	4 Q	Full year	1 Q	2 Q	3 Q	4 Q	Full year	1 Q	2 Q	3 Q	4 Q	Full year	1 Q	2 Q	3 Q	4 Q	Full year	1 Q	2Q
personnel expenses	1,301	1,409	1,486	1,677	5,873	1,574	1,522	1,530	1,467	6,093	1,665	1,981	1,828	1,837	7,311	2,246	2,362	2,547	2,391	9,546	2,403	2,414
ratio to sales	5.5%	5.7%	5.5%	6.6%	5.8%	6.1%	5.9%	6.1%	6.0%	6.0%	6.4%	7.3%	6.2%	5.7%	6.4%	6.4%	6.3%	6.1%	5.6%	6.1%	5.8%	5.7%
Hiring expenses	833	993	724	289	2,839	490	527	496	341	1,854	151	267	770	1,218	2,406	1,215	1,608	1,575	1,719	6,117	877	1,041
ratio to sales	3.5%	4.0%	2.7%	1.1%	2.8%	1.9%	2.0%	2.0%	1.4%	1.8%	0.6%	1.0%	2.6%	3.7%	2.1%	3.5%	4.3%	3.8%	4.0%	3.9%	2.1%	2.4%
depreciation and amortization of goodwill	140	145	155	161	601	137	139	142	145	563	171	181	218	256	826	309	303	305	307	1,225	267	308
ratio to sales	0.6%	0.6%	0.6%	0.6%	0.6%	0.5%	0.5%	0.6%	0.6%	0.6%	0.7%	0.7%	0.7%	0.8%	0.7%	0.9%	0.8%	0.7%	0.7%	0.8%	0.6%	0.7%
Other	801	879	933	729	3,342	889	841	803	923	3,456	883	831	1,029	1,152	3,895	1,058	1,086	1,196	1,285	4,625	1,083	1,053
ratio to sales	3.4%	3.5%	3.5%	2.9%	3.3%	3.5%	3.2%	3.2%	3.8%	3.4%	3.4%	3.1%	3.5%	3.5%	3.4%	3.0%	2.9%	2.9%	3.0%	3.0%	2.6%	2.5%
SG&A Expenses	3,075	3,426	3,298	2,856	12,655	3,090	3,029	2,971	2,876	11,966	2,870	3,260	3,845	4,463	14,438	4,828	5,359	5,623	5,703	21,513	4,631	4,817
ratio to sales	13.0%	13.8%	12.2%	11.2%	12.5%	12.0%	11.7%	11.8%	11.8%	11.8%	11.1%	12.0%	13.0%	13.7%	12.5%	13.7%	14.3%	13.6%	13.3%	13.7%	11.1%	11.3%

Overview of Segment Reclassification

O From "Manufacturing Business" centered on the business for major manufacturers, "Area Business" and "Overseas Business" with different business characteristics were separated. And the classification changed to 5 segments.



Segment composition (from 2Q of FY3/2023)

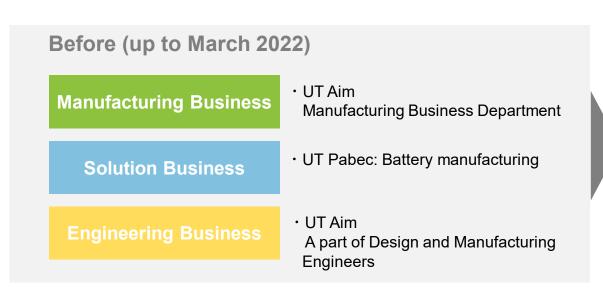


Manufacturing Business

Development and provision of manufacturing workers

Deepen the One-stop Strategy to provide personnel to large manufacturers

- Enhance competitiveness of the core business of manufacturing dispatch to large manufacturers and use the existing client base to expand into dispatching of manufacturing engineers.
- The semiconductor manufacturing equipment (SME) engineers (previously in the former Engineering Business segment) has been reclassified to the (new) Manufacturing Business segment in order to provide one-stop services to clients of the Manufacturing Business segment.



After (from April 2022)

UT Pabec was merged to the Manufacturing Business Department of UT Aim.

(New) Manufacturing Business

· UT Aim

Area Business

Expand the Area Platforms

Expand the Area Platform Strategy

- O Accelerate alliances with and M&As of local dispatch companies to enhance the workplace quality in areas, integrate career platforms, and improve profitability.
- O Local dispatch companies which joined the UT Group were merged to UT Connect (renamed from UT Community) in April 2022. Aim to improve productivity by standardizing the business base.

Before (up to March 2022)

Manufacturing Business

- UT Aim's Area Strategy Department
- UT Community
- Support System
- · Seekel Holdings
- · Seekel
- UT Progress
- · UT SURI-EMU

Solution Business

· UT HP

After (from April 2022)

All the companies on the left, excluding UT SURI-EMU, were absorbed to UT Community, which then changed its name to UT Connect.

Area Business

- UT Connect
- · UT SURI-EMU

Solution Business

Promoting the support for personnel mobilization

Expand the Solution Strategy

- O Promote the support for personnel mobilization and ensure to capture a growing demand for large companies' structural reforms, driven by the changing business environment.
- The segment is mainly consisted of operating companies with minority shareholders to enhance the relationship with large corporate groups.

Before (up to March 2022)

Solution Business

- · FUJITSU UT
- · UT Toshiba
- · UT FSAS Creative
- · UT MESC
- · UT Pabec
- · UT HP
- UT System Products

After (from April 2022)

UT Pabec was reclassified to the Manufacturing Business Segment, and UT HP to the Area Business Segment. UT System Products was sold at the end of March 2022.

Solution Business

- · FUJITSU UT
- · UT Toshiba
- · UT FSAS Creative
- · UT MESC

Engineering Business

Development of high-skill engineers

M&As to expand business base

- Establish a business base by enhancing functions through alliances with major companies and acquisition of engineer dispatch companies.
- SME engineers were reclassified to the (new) Manufacturing Business Segment so as to focus on construction engineers and IT engineers for establishing a business base.

Overseas Business

Establishment of the empowered environment for non-Japanese workers

M&As to expand business base

 Establish the overseas personnel service business through overseas alliances and M&As, while solidifying a base for the personnel management agency business in Japan.

Before (up to March 2022)

Engineering Business

- UT Aim Some of Design and Manufacturing Engineers
- UT Construction
- UT Technology

After (from April 2022)

(New) Engineering Business

- UT Construction
- · UT Technology

Before (up to March 2022)

Manufacturing Business

- Green Speed Joint Stock Company
- · Green Speed Co., Ltd.
- · Hoang Nhan Company Limited

After (from April 2022)

Overseas Business

- Green Speed Joint Stock Company
- · Green Speed Co., Ltd.
- · Hoang Nhan Company Limited

Performance-linked stock acquisition rights, Stock-based compensation expenses

Overview of the performance-linked stock acquisition rights

Resolved by the Board of Directors (2020/5/20)

Objective

to strengthen our commitment to pursuit of expanding corporate value of the Company in the medium- to long-term.

Total number of stock acquisition rights: 80,592 units (equivalent to 20% of issued shares)

Conditions for exercise of stock acquisition rights If any of (A), (B), and (C) below is fulfilled

A: EBITDA of ¥15 billion or more in any of FY3/2021-FY3/2024

B: EBITDA of ¥20 billion or more in any of FY3/2021-FY3/2025

C: EBITDA of ¥30 billion or more in any of FY3/2021-FY3/2027

Exercise period

May 1, 2021 to April 30, 2028

The exercise condition is a profit growth of 1.7-3.5 times EBITDA in FY3/2020, even though dilution of up to 20% will occur.

When to recognize stock-based compensation expenses

As the condition A is supposed to be met in FY3/2023, 5.5 billion yen of stock-based compensation expenses is included in FY3/2023 Earnings Forecasts.

When it is found that the performance conditions are met, the stockbased compensation expenses will be recognized.

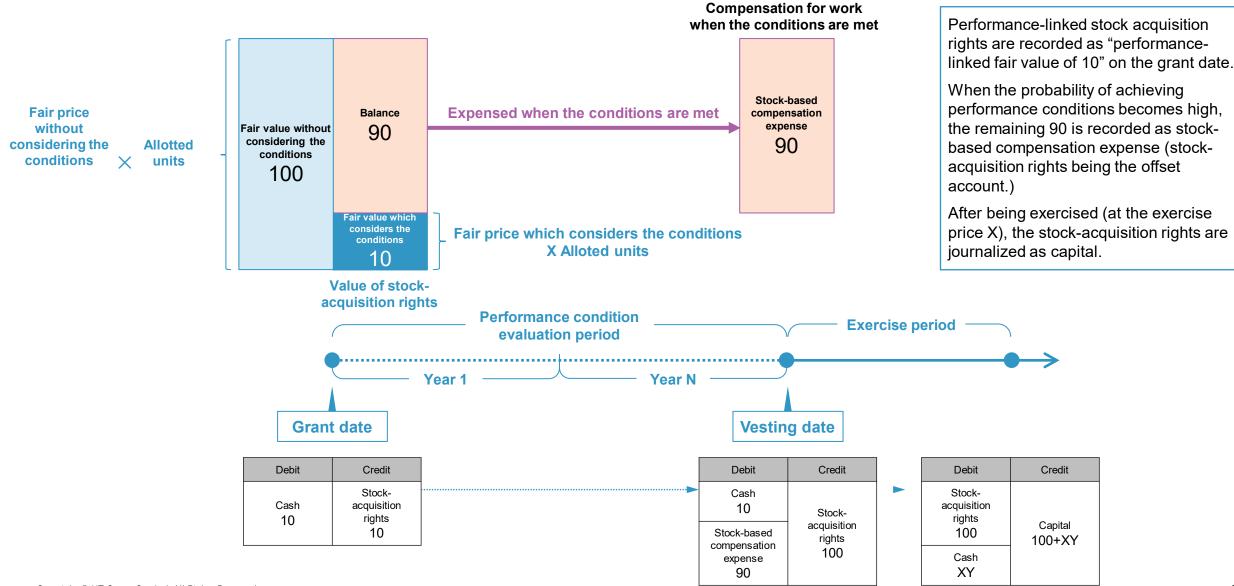
If the exercise conditions are not met, no expenses will be recorded.

**EBITDA = Operating profit + Depreciation (Property, plant and equipment, and Intangible assets) + Amortization + Stock-based compensation expenses

(Ref.) Accounting treatment of stock acquisition rights without contribution with no performance conditions

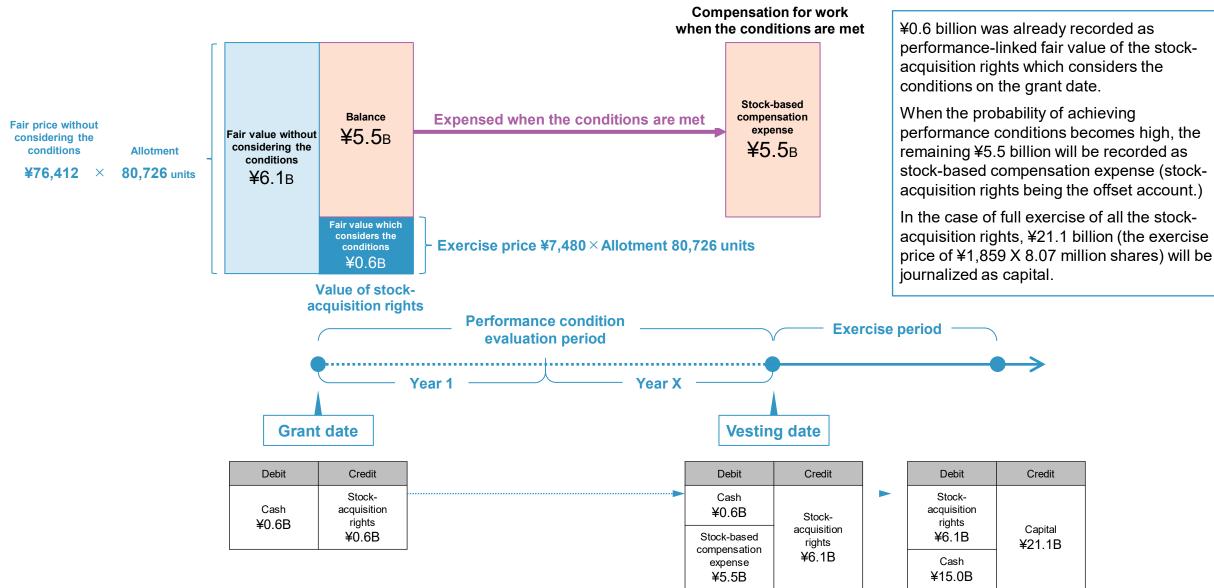
Case of stock-acquisition rights without contribution (Exercise price X and Issued shares Y) **Value of stock-acquisition rights Compensation for work** Stock-acquisition rights are considered as compensation for work and the fair value of 100 is prorated by period from the grant date to the vesting date as stock-based compensation expense (stock-acquisition rights being the offset account.) Stock-based compensation After being exercised, the stock-acquisition rights are journalized as capital. expense 50 Fair value with no **Compensation for work** consideration to performance conditions 100 Prorated fair value of 100 by period Stock-based compensation expense 50 Requisite **Exercise** service period period Year 1 Year 2 **Grant date Vesting date** Debit Debit Credit Debit Credit Credit Stock-Stock-based Stock-Stock-based Stockacquisition acquisition compensation compensation acquisition expense rights expense rights rights Capital 50 50 50 50 100 100+XY Cash XY

(Ref.) Accounting treatment of performance-linked stock acquisition rights with contribution



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[UT Group] Accounting treatment of performance-linked stock acquisition rights with contribution



Medium-term business objective

Create a "diversity & inclusion" workstyle platform



Growth strategies

Prolonged implementation of the COVID-19 prevention measures and economic slowdown Decline in consumption and production activities; depressed demand for personnel Smaller dispatched companies Increase in structural reform Maintain employment to the extent possible and fall into financial distress by large manufacturers minimize a decline in technical employees A new hiring/development base for manufacturers M&As to accelerate industry consolidation Accept workers from large companies One-stop strategy for **Area platform strategy Solution strategy** major manufacturers

Create a "diversity & inclusion" workstyle platform

Measures for economic recovery are expected to produce a V-shaped recovery and enable UT Group to achieve its plans

Change in business segments corresponding to growth strategies

Segments to promote the growth strategies of the Fourth Medium-term Business Plan

Manufacturing Business

One-stop Strategy to Large Manufacturers

Development of manufacturing workers into effective workforce

Provide personnel services from hiring of personnel needed by large manufacturers to their retention and development into effective workforce. Aim to expand its share in the client workplace by one-stop provision of personnel, from workers in production process to engineers.

Area Business

Area Platform Strategy

Creation of jobs nationwide

Establish an employment base in various areas of Japan to respond to demand for local jobs. Raise workplace satisfaction and market shares in various parts of Japan by promoting alliances with large companies and acquisition of engineer dispatch companies, and integrate the business base to improve profitability.

Solution Business

Solution Strategy

Support to personnel mobilization aimed at enhancing corporate competitiveness

Support personnel mobilization by creating workplaces for excess workers of large corporate groups, which have personnel issues and demand for structural reform.

Segments to establish a business base from a longer-term perspective

Engineering Business

Development of high-skill engineers

Secure workers with hiring and the use of the intragroup transfer system One UT and develop those with no experience in the construction and IT sectors. Aim to enhance functions and establish a business base through alliances with large companies and acquisition of engineer dispatch companies.

Overseas Business

Establishment of the environment for non-Japanese workers to work vigorously

Plan to establish an overseas personnel service business through overseas alliances and acquisition in order to create workplaces where foreign interns in Japan can work empowered back at their home country.

Numeric Targets and Commitments

As sales target for FY3/2023 was realized one year ahead of schedule in FY3/2022, we revised earning targets of FY3/2023 - FY3/2025 (announced May 13, 2022).



We are determined to achieve M&A-driven growth and financial stability, and to ensure return to shareholders.

Commitments

EBITDA growth rate: 30% or more (CAGR starting from FY3/2021)

The UT Group emphasizes earnings growth as much as sales growth by business expansion. The Fourth Medium-term Business Plan includes strategic M&A activities aimed at formation of a long-term business base. We therefore use EBITDA to show our commitment in earnings growth and set 30% or more CAGR in EBITDA for the period starting from FY3/2021.

Total return ratio: 30% or more

The UT Group recognizes return to shareholders as an important management priority. We intend to achieve a corporate growth through strategic investment as well as return to shareholders. We are committed to a total return ratio of 30% or more by dividend payment and share buyback.

Gross D/E ratio: 1.0 or less (at the end of FY3/2025)

We intend to achieve both a high growth and a stable financial position by balancing debts with shareholders' equity, which stems from efficient business operation and capital policy.

Total return ratio

The total return ratio represents the proportion of shareholder return to net profit. Total return ratio = (Dividends + Shares bought back) / Net profit after tax

Gross D/E ratio

The gross debt/equity ratio indicates the ratio of interest-bearing debt to shareholders' equity of the fund

sources of a company. A ratio of 1.0 or less is generally regarded as indicating a healthy financial position.

Corporate Outline

Corporate Outline As of Sep. 30, 2022 Group Companies As of Sep. 30, 2022

Corporate name: UT Group Co., Ltd.

Founded: April 2, 2007

Capital: 680 million yen

Listing: TSE Prime Market (Securities code: 2146)

Representative: President, Representative Director & CEO

Yoichi Wakayama

Location: 1-11-15 Higashi-Gotanda, Shinagawa-ku, Tokyo

Number of issued and

outstanding shares: 40,363,067 shares

Number of shareholders: 4.855

UT Aim

Manufacturing personnel services

UT Community

General personnel dispatch and outsourcing

UT SURI-EMU

General personnel dispatch and outsourcing

FUJITSU UT

General personnel dispatch and outsourcing

UT Toshiba

General personnel dispatch and outsourcing

UT FSAS Creative

Office work and IT personnel dispatch and outsourcing of operations system management and help desks

UT MESC

Elevator/escalator manufacturing outsourced work and dispatch of design engineers

UT Technology

IT engineer outsourcing

UT Construction

Construction engineer outsourcing

Green Speed Joint Stock Company

General personnel dispatch and outsourcing in

Vietnam

UT Life Support

Internal benefit program management

UT Heartful

Special subsidiary company

The Leading Company in Manufacturing Dispatch Industry

Creating vigorous workplaces empowering workers.

Adopting the twin customer strategy that identifies both workers and companies as clients, UT Group transformed the process of manufacturing worker dispatch into a sustainable business model that

facilitates growth by both workers and companies.

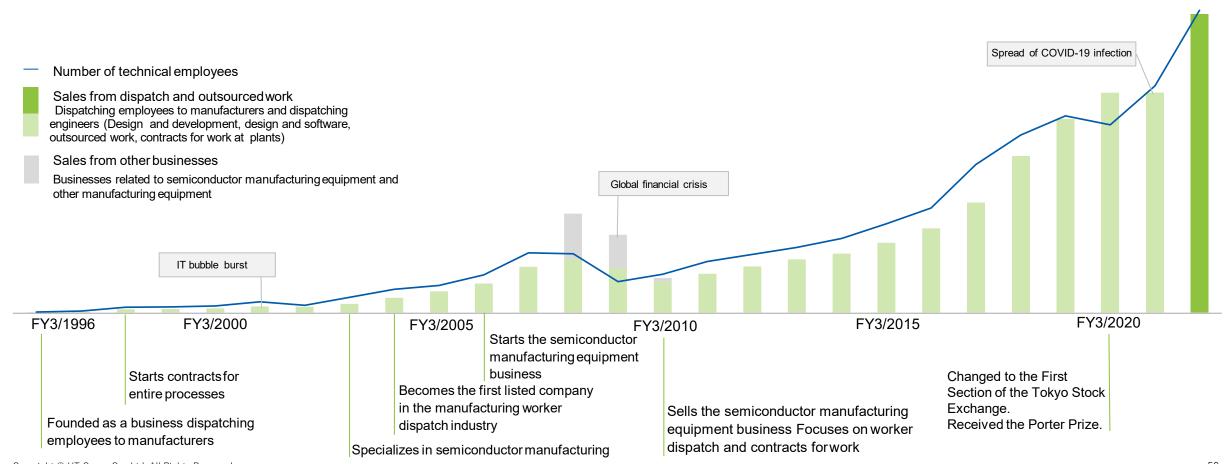
Create a "diversity & inclusion" workstyle platform.

FY3/2022

Domestic Technical employees
31,636

Consolidated sales

¥156.7bn



UT Group's Mission and Vision

Mission

Create vigorous workplaces empowering workers.

UT Group givesopportunities to its entire workforce to take on challenges.

We believe that bravely taking on a challenge to achieve a high goal helps a person growand brings joy to that person. We further believe that such a vigorous work attitude results in a better response to client expectations and in contributing to a better future for Japan.

Strategy to make workers vigorous and empowered



- Regular employment (open-ended employment)
- Company housing all over the country
- Fulfilling welfare benefits



Team dispatch and support for career development

- Start-to-finish outsourced production service
- Cultivation of inexperienced employees by teams
- Career consulting



Developing motivation

- Entry system for positions
- Job change within the group (One UT/STEP UT)Engineer development program
- Management training

Managers
(Head of workplace)

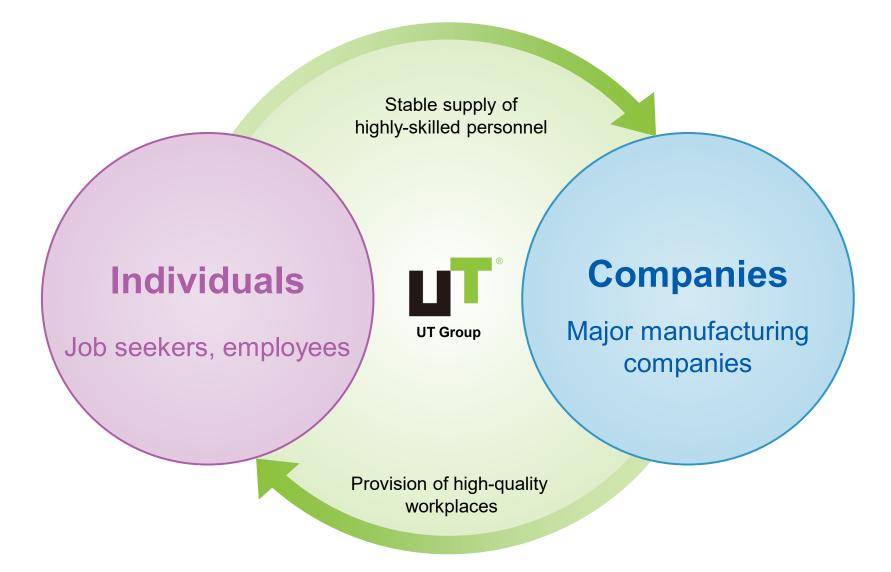
Employees in workpla

Share profit from enhanced corporate value with employees

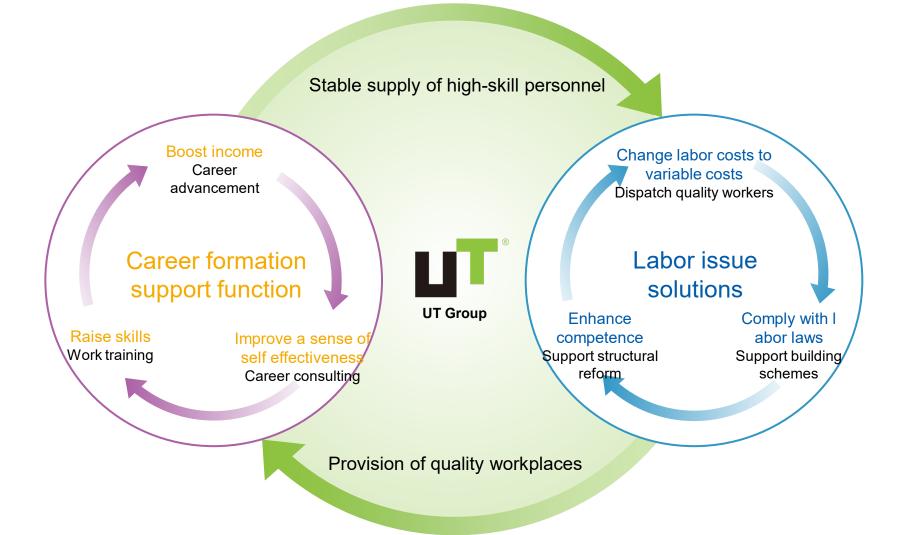
 Measures to encourage employees to become shareholders



Twin-Customer Strategy and Career Platform

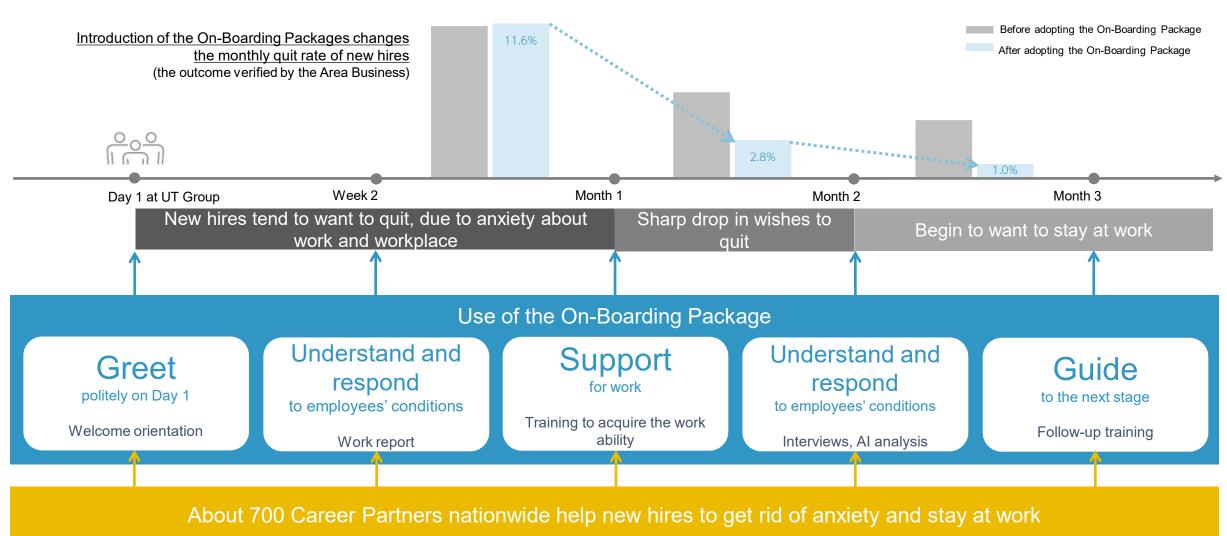


Twin-Customer Strategy and Career Platform



Restrain new hires from quitting by consistent support for their growth

• The Area Business introduces in stages the On-Boarding Package, which removes factors to quit and creates factors to stay



Enhancement of the systems that enable technical employees to advance their careers

Good Job

A system that allows manufacturing operators and engineers to freely choose a workplace

(Own workplaces can be selected)

One UT STEP UT

A system that supports career changes from manufacturing operators to engineering jobs at Group companies. Provides opportunities to build various careers within the Group.

(Intra-group transfers)

Next UT

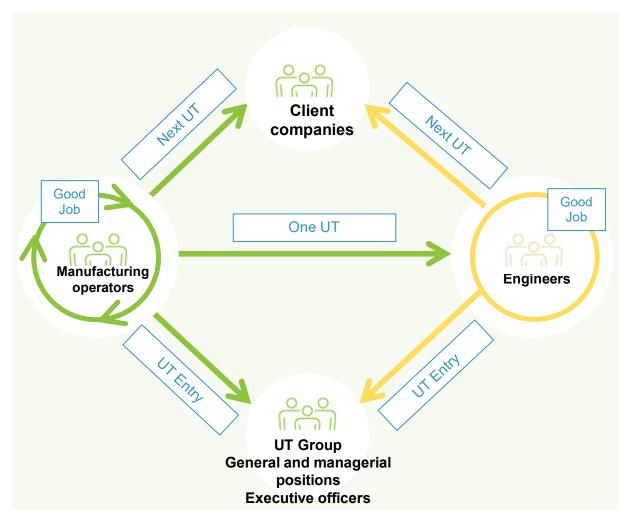
A system that supports the transfer to a client company (mainly major manufacturers). Expand career path options to motivate employees.

(Transfer from UT's dispatched worker status to being a client company's full-time employee)

UT Entry

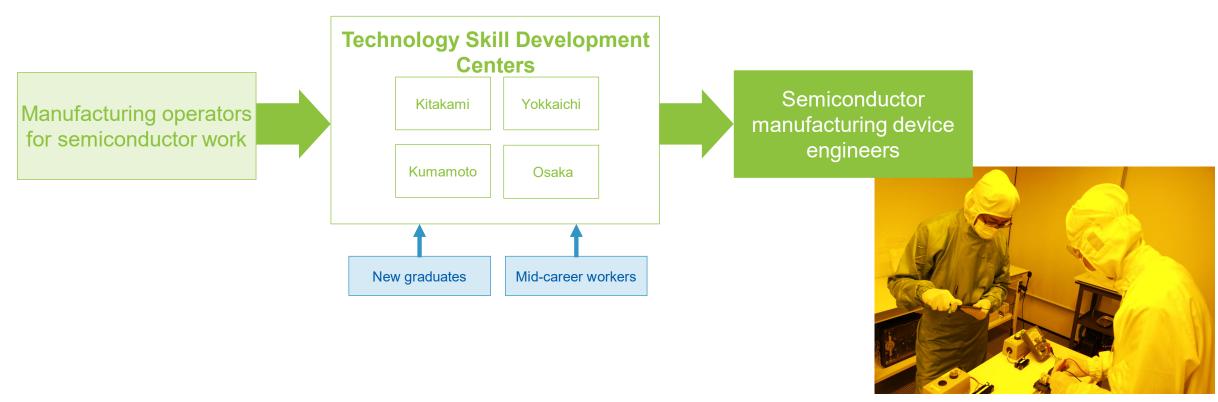
A voluntary nomination system to a manager or an executive. The industry's first system that provides all employees with a fair career opportunity regardless of their years of service, experience, or age.

(Voluntary nomination to the position of a manager or an executive)



Strongly promote SME engineer development

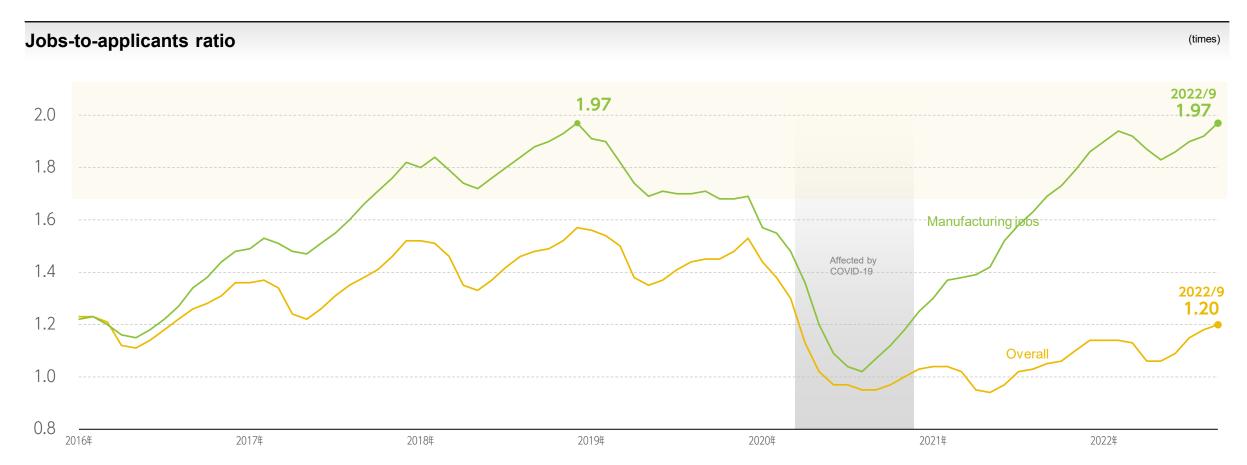
- Established four technology skill development centers for manufacturing engineers in the semiconductor field (Dec. 2020: Kitagami City in Iwate; March 2021: Yokkaichi City in Mie and Kumamoto City in Kumamoto; May 2021 Osaka City in Osaka)
- Targeting to produce 5,000 engineers in FY3/2022 FY3/2025.



Practical training in a clean room

Tight supply and demand situation in the manufacturing industry due to the labor shortage

The jobs-to-applicants ratio for manufacturing jobs surged to the level in 2018 and the supply/demand balance in personnel
continues to be tight in manufacturing.



Source: Ministry of Health, Labour and Welfare, The status of general job placements (seasonally adjusted)

UT Group's market share growth potential in the worker dispatch market

Japan's	Labor Force [Distribution	"Regional	Classifica	ition"	(10k person)						
2021		Employees/workers (excl. executives of companies)										
			Regular	Non-regular								
			employees	workers	Dispatched workers	Contract workers						
Domestic		5,629	3,565	2,064	140	275						
	Hokkaido	218	133	85	4	13						
	Tohoku region	368	242	126	7	20						
	South Kanto region	1,759	1,124	635	51	94						
	North Kanto and Koshin regions	419	263	156	11	18						
	Hokuriku region	230	155	75	4	10						
	Tokai region	690	434	255	20	27						
	Kinki region	891	543	348	23	42						
	Chugoku region	314	204	110	6	12						
	Shikoku region	148	96	51	2	7						
	Kyushu region	532	333	199	10	26						
	Okinawa	61	37	23	1	5						

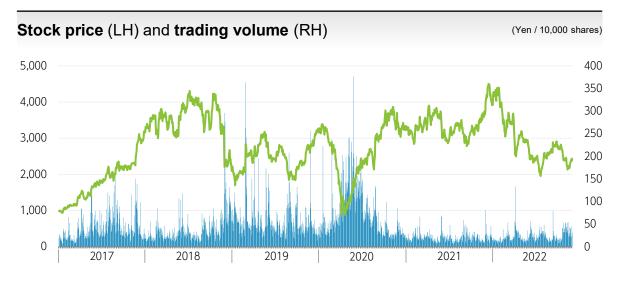
Japan's Labor Force Distribution	"Occupational Cla	assification" (10k person)
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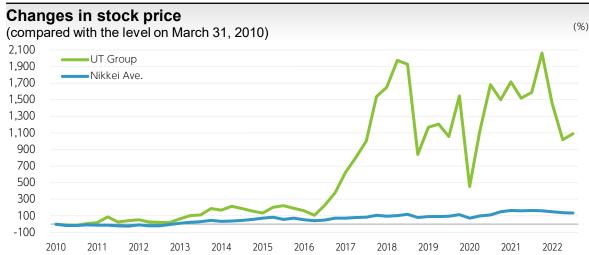
Average for FY 2021	Employees/workers (excl. executives of companies)							
	Regular employees		Non-regular workers	Dispatched workers	Contract workers			
Overall	5,671	3,594	2,077		280			
Professional and engineering workers	1,094	854	240	13	44			
Clerical workers	1,310	899	411	50	79			
Sales workers	727	432	295	5	23			
Service workers	685	258	427	8	29			
Security workers	128	96	32	_	10			
Agriculture, forestry and fishery workers	54	. 27	28	1	2			
Manufacturing process workers	766	523	243	37	38			
Transport and machine operation workers	202	154	. 48	3	14			
Construction and mining workers	181	159	23	0	7			
carrying, cleaning, packaging, and related workers	443	143	300	21	31			
Other	56	26	30	4	3			

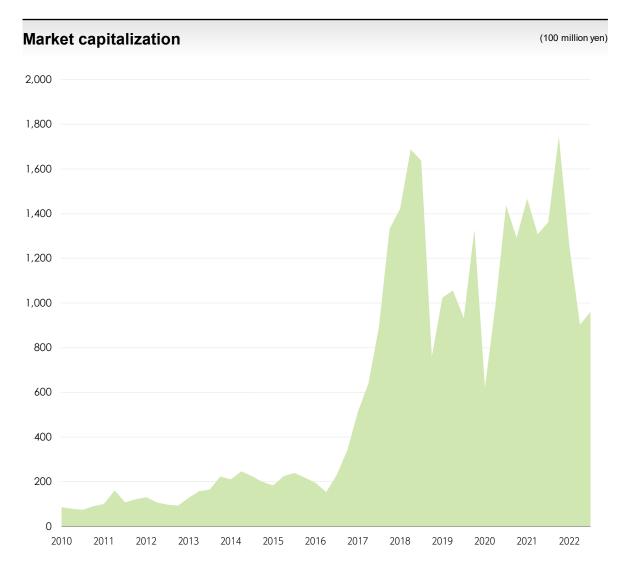
Source: Basic Data of Labor Force Survey, Ministry of Internal Affairs and Communications (2021)

Based on its infrastructure for manufacturing dispatch, UT Group has sufficient room for expansion of its area bases and non-manufacturing occupations by replacing contract workers with dispatch workers.

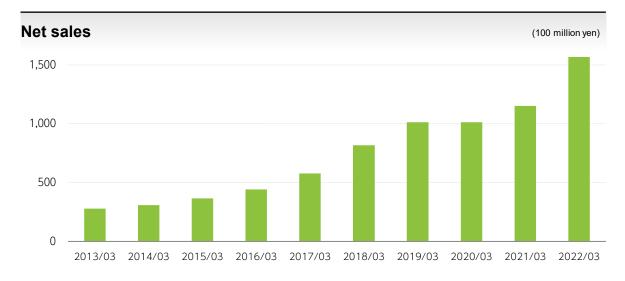
Trends of Stock Price

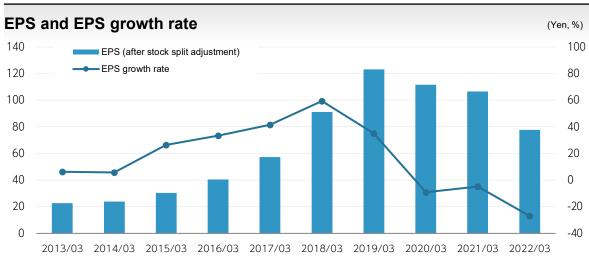


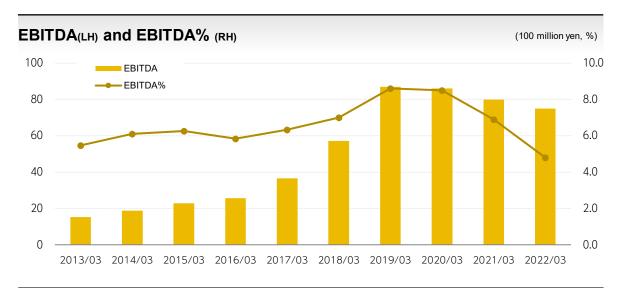


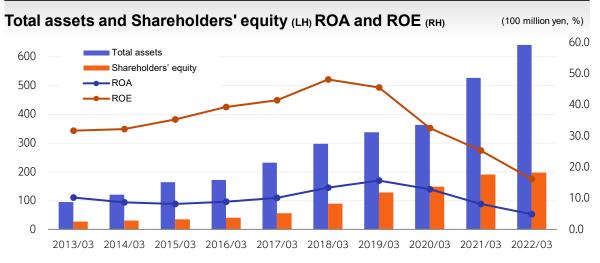


Trends of Business Results









ROA = [Net profit attributable to owners of the parent] / [Total assets] (fiscal year average)
ROE = [Net profit attributable to owners of the parent] / [Shareholders' equity] (fiscal year average)

Basic Policy on Shareholders' Return

Basic policy on shareholders' return

UT Group's management aims at establishing a stable financial position and promoting aggressive business development to achieve high growth and ultimately raise sustainable corporate value. UT Group regards returning profits to shareholders as an important management issue and intends to make an appropriate return to shareholders based on a total return ratio of 30% or more by dividends and share buyback, which helps improve capital efficiency, and in consideration of stock price level, business environment, and other factors

UT Group forwent return to shareholders in FY3/2020, given consideration to the impact of the COVID-19 pandemic.

Total return ratio

(Dividends share buyback)/Net profit≥30%

Total return ratio

(Thousand yen)

	FY3/2018	FY3/2019	FY3/2020	FY3/2021	FY3/2022
Net profit	3,534,596	4,968,446	4,562,294	4,299,825	3,140,593
Dividends paid	-	2,499,281	-	2,663,952	968,709
Amount of share buyback	1,060,818	-	-	-	-
Total return ratio	30.0%	50.3%	0.0%	62.0%	30.8%

^{*}In light of changes in the business environment and other factors, shareholder return in FY3/2019 is all in the form of dividend payment, including special dividend.

^{*} Shareholder return for March 2020 has been postponed in consideration of the impact of the spread of the new coronavirus.

^{*}In FY3/2021, returns to shareholders were entirely in cash dividends. In addition to the ordinary dividend of 30% of net income, a special dividend (equivalent to 30% of net income for FY3/2020, payment of which had been forgone) was paid.

INTEGRATED REPORT 2022 was released



In FY3/2022, when demand for human resources rapidly recovered from the COVID-19 pandemic period, UT Group focused on expanding its market share, creating better workplaces and strengthening hiring activities. These efforts resulted in welcoming many new associates and creating workplaces for more than 30,000 technical employees in Japan.

Amid changes in the macroeconomic environment that cause great anxiety for working men and women, UT Group has stuck to the basic management philosophy it has had since its founding: supporting the stable employment and growth of dispatch workers. We have thereby successfully "created vigorous workplaces empowering people."

In the Integrated Report 2022, we devised ways to convey in a more easily understood manner how we support the stable employment of workers and their growth, by clarifying it within our unique value chain. This is the second year that we produce an integrated report. We hope that the integrated report will be one of the meaningful tools for constructive dialogue with stakeholders and ultimately for increasing our corporate value.

Further information is also available on the Sustainability Part of our website.

Please download the Integrated Report from here:

https://ssl4.eir-parts.net/doc/2146/ir_material4/192255/00.pdf

Create vigorous workplaces empowering workers.



UT Group Co., Ltd.

Disclaimer

This document has been prepared solely for the purpose of providing information regarding the Company's business forecasts. The forward-looking comments and forecasts expressed in this document are the plans based on the Company's judgment based on information available at the time of its preparation and are subject to change without notice. Actual results may differ from the above forecasts, due to various factors.

[Inquiries]

UT Group Co., Ltd.

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